

ENGELSKA – Inplaceringstest C

Complete each sentence with one item from those given below. Use each item once only.

Example: John *gets up* early in the morning.
He *goes off* to work on the bus.
He *gets off* early on Fridays.
He *sits up* late watching TV.
goes off / sits up / gets off / gets up

-
- 1 John speaks Japanese? That be true!
It rain tomorrow, I think.
You lose your passport.
I smoke, if I were you.

can't / shouldn't / mustn't / wouldn't

-
- 2 "I'll put you,", said the operator.
Don't stay in a hotel. I'll put you,", said his friend.
It's a good idea to put a little each month," said his father.
"The smell of fish puts me eating it," she complained.

up / off / aside / through

-
- 3 New words? in your dictionary!
Lost shoes? in your bedroom!
Thieves? when you travel!
New books? on a free evening!

Look for them / Look at them / Look out for them / Look them up

-
- 4 you lost your passport. What would you do?
..... you finish the document, you can leave early.
You can't go to the concert you have a ticket.
..... I had known, I would have called you.

unless / suppose / if only / provided

- 5 I couldn't understand the point he was trying to
He just can't his boss.
I'm sorry you're ill. I hope you it soon.
I'll have time to talk to you when I this work.
get at / get over / get on with / get through with

Complete the sentence by choosing the BEST answer. Only one answer is correct.

<p>Example: Anne isn't here today: she's to London. A went B gone C been D go You choose: B</p>

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- 6 There's no important news, as as I know.
A best **B** soon **C** far **D** well
-
- 7 It was 11 pm. I for five straight hours. No wonder I was getting tired.
A have been working **B** was working
C had been working **D** have worked
-
- 8 If you a present, you should always say "Thank you".
A are given **B** have given **C** are giving **D** give
-
- 9 Unfortunately it was raining last night so we couldn't play tennis. I wish.....
A it hadn't been raining, so we could have played
B it wasn't raining, so we could have played
C it hasn't been raining, so we could have played
D it weren't raining, so we could have played
-
- 10 He round the world several times since he became a pilot.
A has been flying **B** flew
C has flown **D** is flying
-
- 11 The passengers were told that, due to technical problems, the train
A is to leave 20 minutes late **B** is going to leave 20 minutes late
C would leave 20 minutes late **D** will leave 20 minutes late
-
- 12 I'm sure you would like this dessert if you it!
A tried **B** will try **C** try **D** would try
-

13 No excuses! He

- A** be here at noon **B** is to be here at noon
C is being here at noon **D** would be here at noon
-

14 The applicants were all an interview.

- A** desired **B** submitted **C** consigned **D** given
-

15 Everyone is capable a new language.

- A** in learning **B** at learning **C** of learning **D** to learn
-

16 -

- A** He sang that song beautifully last night.
B He sang beautifully that song last night.
C He beautifully sang that song last night.
D Beautifully he sang that song last night.
-

17 "You must be on time tomorrow" the boss insisted. She insisted that

- A** her secretary is on time.
B her secretary must have been on time.
C her secretary will be on time.
D her secretary be on time.
-

18 He was already on his way out so he did not to answer the phone.

- A** deserve **B** bother **C** hope **D** require
-

19 He gave me a rough of the story.

- A** sum **B** overall **C** outline **D** etching
-

20 When here a year, I'll know more English.

- A** I'll be **B** I've been **C** I'm being **D** I'm
-

Write ONE word only to complete the sentence.

Example: Is a bank near here?
You write: *there*

21 We'd better call the police, we?

22 Stunning her outfit was, it did not impress her father.

23 She played brilliantly having a bad cold.

24 Can you finish this work Friday at the latest?

25 They never considered wrong that an innocent bystander was killed.

26 After what for us was a tiring journey the train London.

27 Not until last night I understand the seriousness of the situation.

28 I'm very lonely: I know hardly in this town.

29 That man drink you knocked over is the Managing Director.

30 He has no income from his pension.

Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

<p>Example: My brother on a farm. (WORK) You write: <i>works</i></p>
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31 If they had listened to the weather forecast, they their umbrellas. (TAKE)

32 Then she noticed me at her, got up, and went inside. (STARE)

33 He's not used to on the left. (DRIVE)

34 Attendant: I'm sorry, but cameras in the museum. (ALLOW)

35 I'm tired! I ten letters, and still have five more to write. (WRITE)

36 This isn't the first time she us. She came last year too. (VISIT)

37 If you the seafood menu, I'm sure you would find it delicious. (CHOOSE)

38 Pass me a tissue. I! (SNEEZE)

39 We're packed and ready to go. Just think, this time tomorrow we
on the beach in Spain! (LIE)

40 No sooner the island than the volcano erupted. (THEY LEAVE)

ENGELSKA Inplaceringstest C – Facit

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 can't / shouldn't / mustn't / wouldn't / | 24 for
by |
| 2 through / up / aside / off / | 25 it |
| 3 Look them up / Look for them / Look out for them
/ Look at them / | 26 reached |
| 4 suppose / provided / unless / if only / | 27 could
did |
| 5 get at / get on with / get over / get through with / | 28 anybody
anyone |
| 6 C: far | 29 whose |
| 7 C: had been working | 30 apart |
| 8 A: are given | 31 would have taken
'd have taken |
| 9 A: it hadn't been raining, so we could have
played. | 32 staring |
| 10 C: has flown | 33 driving |
| 11 C: would leave 20 minutes late. | 34 aren't allowed
are not allowed |
| 12 A: tried | 35 have written |
| 13 B: is to be here at noon. | 36 has visited
's visited |
| 14 D: given | 37 chose
were to choose
would choose
did choose |
| 15 C: of learning | 38 'm about to sneeze
'm going to sneeze
am about to sneeze
am going to sneeze |
| 16 A: He sang that song beautifully last night. | 39 will be lying
'll be lying
are going to be lying
're going to be lying |
| 17 D: her secretary be on time. | 40 had they left |
| 18 B: bother | |
| 19 C: outline | |
| 20 B: I've been | |
| 21 hadn't | |
| 22 though
as | |
| 23 despite
even | |

POÄNG: - - - - -

Din placering på nivåskalan:**TEST C**

Dina poäng	Din nivå
1 – 8	Prova på TEST B
9 - 12	B1+ Threshold Plus
13 – 20	B2 Vantage
21 - 25	B2+ Vantage Plus
26 – 32	C1 Effective Operational Proficiency
33+	C1+ Nivån uppnådd

EUROPARÅDETS NIVÅSKALA**Nivå A 1**

Jag är ren nybörjare eller kan förstå och använda mycket enkla ord och fraser. Jag kan presentera mig själv och ställa enkla frågor. Jag kan kommunicera hjälpligt på ett mycket enkelt sätt om samtalspartnern talar långsamt och tydligt.

Nivå A 2

Jag kan förstå fraser och vanliga ord som rör personliga förhållanden. Jag kan kommunicera i enkla sammanhang. Jag kan på ett enkelt sätt beskriva mig själv, min familj och mitt arbete.

Nivå B 1

Jag kan förstå huvuddragen i tydligt standardspråk. Jag kan oförberedd ge mig in i samtal om kända vardagliga ämnen. Jag kan länka ihop fraser på ett enkelt sätt för att beskriva erfarenheter och skeenden. Jag kan ge skäl och förklaringar till mina åsikter.

Nivå B 2

Jag kan följa huvuddragen i komplexa texter. Jag kan kommunicera flytande så att ett samtal med en infödd löper i stort sett utan problem. Jag kan diskutera olika lösningars för- och nackdelar i en problemsituation.

Nivå C 1

Jag kan läsa krävande texter och är även medveten om undersförstått innehåll. Jag kan uttrycka mig nästan helt obehindrat utan att leta efter ord. Jag kan använda språket effektivt för olika ändamål. Jag kan uttala mig klart och välstrukturerat om komplexa sakförhållanden och ge utförliga beskrivningar.

Nivå C 2

Jag kan utan problem förstå så gott som allt jag hör eller läser och referera fakta och argument. Jag kan uttrycka mig i så gott som alla situationer spontant och helt flytande. Jag kan förstå och använda stilvariationer och andra finesser (t ex ironi).